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TURKEY CREEK NURSERIES MACCLENNY, FLORIDA.



C. F. BARBER. 1906-07
AUBREY FRINK.

ANNOUNCEMENT

I am pleased to announce to my customers and friends that Mr. Aubrey Frink has become interested with me in the business of the Turkey Creek Nurseries. For a number of years Mr. Frink has been head man in the Glen St. Mary Nurseries, of which Mr. G. L. Taber was proprietor, and is, therefore, well acquainted with the trade and the nursery business in general.

I desire to thank my old customers for the liberal patronage they have bestowed upon me during the nine years existence of the Turkey Creek Nurseries, and to say to them and to Mr. Frink's friends, with all of whom we hope to have pleasant dealings in the future, that it is our intention to broaden out our nurseries and carry a general line of fruit and ornamental trees and plants, and it shall ever be our aim to furnish our customers the best stock that can be grown, true to name, free from all insects and diseases and to treat you in such a liberal manner, you will wish to send us all of your orders for what we carry.

This season we have a fine lot of stock running through nearly all lines, a particularly fine lot of budded pecans, also of oranges on Lemon roots, and Satsuma oranges on Trifoliata—free from White Fly. Let us hear from you in relation to the nursery stock you need. Your orders and communications will have our careful, conscientious and personal attention.

C. F. BARBER.

The thousands of planters who, during the past ten years, have had dealings with the Glen Saint Mary Nurseries, will doubtless remember that I have handled their orders, and, during the past few years, their correspondence, for over two years as secretary of the business. That I have severed my connection with that business will come as a surprise to many.

But I am not out of the nursery business by any means, for I have acquired an interest in the Turkey Creek Nurseries, of which Mr. C. F. Barber has heretofore been proprietor, Mr. Barber still retaining an interest. And I wish to say to those with whom I have had such pleasant dealings in the past; to the old customers and friends of the Turkey Creek Nurseries; and to those who shall require nursery stock in the future, that we shall push the business of the Turkey Creek Nurseries and hope to be favored with a liberal share of your patronage.

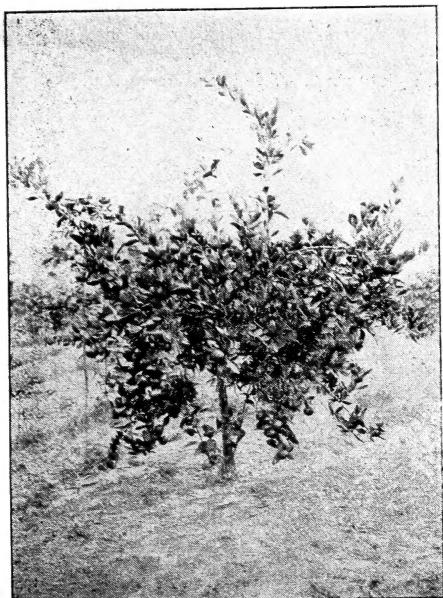
I shall be glad to hear from you and when you need anything in our line, I want your order. We will personally see that you get only first-class stock, true to name, free from diseases and insects, and assure you that your orders and communications will have our careful, conscientious, prompt attention.

AUBREY FRINK.

Turkey Creek Nurseries,

Maceberry, Fla.

October, 1906.



Satsuma Orange in Bearing on Turkey Creek Nurseries.

above zero (Fh.) without injury. Can be grown successfully all along the Gulf Coast from Florida to Northern Mexico; in fact, bearing trees can be found in all of the Gulf States and are highly esteemed. At least one orchard in Northern Mexico of this variety has proven highly profitable. Should be planted more in Texas and Mexico, as well as other Gulf States. We have a fine lot of trees on *C. Trifoliata* stock.

Tangerine. (Dancy's). Probably the best known of the "Kid Glove" (*Citrus nobilis*) orange. Fruit medium to small; flattened. Skin very smooth and separates freely from flesh and segments separate easily. Color of skin, deep glossy red-orange, very handsome. Juicy, aromatic and finely flavored; flesh deep orange color. Ripens December, January and February. Good grower and very prolific.

Washington Navea. The most prominent naval orange and one of the best. Has been planted extensively in California, but is a shy bearer in Florida. Size large, somewhat oval; flesh meaty, tender and very sweet; practically no "rag". The navel mark on blossom end is smaller than in many navel varieties, but is distinctly marked.

KUMQUATS

A very unique little tree producing miniature fruits resembling small oranges. Very ornamental in appearance, particularly when loaded with the golden yellow fruits, during fall and winter. The trees bear as soon as they have sufficient hard wood to produce fruit; not infrequently the first year in nursery rows. The fruit is edible, rind and all being eaten, but is used largely for table decoration and preserving and crystallizing. When shipped to Northern markets properly (little bunches with leaves being packed in strawberry carrier crates), the fruit nearly always brings fancy prices, often as much as \$6.00 to \$10.00 per crate of 32 quarts. We have trees on *Citrus trifoliata* and rough lemon stocks, and can furnish both varieties: Marumi (round), fruit about an inch in diameter. Nagami (oblong), about an inch and a half long and an inch in diameter.

PRICES.

	Each	10	100
8 to 12 inches	25c	\$2 00	\$15 00
1 to 1½ ft.	30c	2 50	20 00
1½ to 2 ft.	35c	3 00	25 00
2 to 3 ft.	40c	3 50	35 00



POMELO--Grapefruit

In recent years the Pomelo has grown in popularity in the markets until it is now probably the most profitable of the citrus fruits to grow. We have some fine trees on Sour Orange, Rough Lemon and *Citrus trifoliata* stocks.

PRICES. Each 10 100

2 to 3 ft., straight stems	25c	\$2 25	\$20 00
3 to 4 ft., stake trained, partly branched	30c	2 75	25 00
4 to 5 ft., stake trained, mostly branched	40c	3 50	30 00
5 ft. up, stake trained, mostly branched	50c	4 50	40 00

Duncan. Large size, slightly flattened at both ends; skin very smooth, and of fine appearance. Quality very best; flavor exceptionally fine; typically grapefruit. Strong grower and heavy bearer. One of the best.

Excelsior. Medium to large, smooth skin. Very juicy, and of genuine bitter grapefruit flavor. Hangs on tree late in season. Good grower and produces abundantly in large bunches.

Marsh. (Seedless.) Large size, slightly flattened; skin smooth. Quality fine. Nominally seedless, it usually has six or

eight seeds. Good grower, heavy bearer, and good keeper. One of the best.

Pernambuco. Medium to large, nearly round. Skin smooth. Quality excellent, quite free from bitter; can be eaten out of hand. Good grower and bearer. Ripens late and holds on trees well.

Triumph. Small to medium, skin smooth and usually very bright. A heavy regular bearer. Quality good, very little bitter.

Walters. Medium size, skin smooth and of light lemon color. Quality excellent. Bears in large bunches. Strong grower and heavy bearer. Quite a favorite in many sections.

LEMONS

In tropical Florida, in the West Indies, Mexico and Central America, as well as in Southern California, lemons can be successfully grown commercially, and if budded on the hardy *Citrus trifoliata* stock, they can be grown all along the Gulf Coast at least for home use. We can furnish them on Sour Orange, Rough Lemon and C. trifoliata stocks.

PRICES.

	Each	10	100
2 to 3 ft., straight stems	30c	\$2 75	\$25 00
3 to 4 ft., stake trained, partly branched	35c	3 25	30 00
4 to 5 ft., stake trained, mostly branched	40c	3 75	

Genoa. One of the principal varieties of commerce. Medium sized. Strong acid. An early bearer and good grower. One of the best.

Villa Franca. Medium size, smooth, thin rind; very juicy, acid very strong and of fine quality. Tree a vigorous grower and prolific bearer. One of the prominent mar-

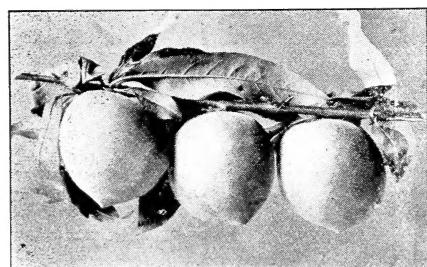
ket kinds, and considered one of the best. Extremely hardy, stands nearly as much cold as ordinary sweet oranges.

Ponderosa. Extremely large, fruit weighs from 20 to 36 ozs. Very juicy, acid strong and of excellent flavor; genuine lemon taste. Rind thin for such large fruits. Tree good grower and bears very young and heavily. Quite unique and valuable.

PEACHES

In selecting peaches for either large commercial orchards or for home use, care should be used to see that varieties planted are adapted to the section in which they are set, as otherwise results will be unsatisfactory. Most varieties are quite limited in their range of adaptability; hence the large number of varieties offered. But if you will select varieties recommended for your section

you will be pretty sure of getting the proper kinds. In order that those who are not well posted on the varieties may make a proper selection, we give a list showing range of adaptability and time of ripening. This list has been made from information and observation extending over a number of years, and while there will be local exceptions, on account of the wide areas covered and absolute



accuracy cannot be expected, we believe the recommendations will be found reliable on the whole. All of our peaches are grown on peach stock, the best stock for the peach.

PRICES.

	Each	10	100	1000
1 year, 2 to 3 ft.....	9c	\$.75	\$ 5 50	\$40 00
1 year, 3 to 4 ft.....	12c	1 00	6 50	55 00
1 year, 4 to 6 ft.....	15c	1 25	9 00	70 00
1 year, branched, 6 ft. and up.....	20c	1 75	12 00	85 00

VARIETIES	TYPE	RIP-ENS	A	B	C	D	E
Alexander	Per.	V.E.	.....	.....	**	**	**
Angel	P-to.	E.	***	***	*	*	.....
Barnett	Sp.	M.	*	**	**	*	.....
Belle of Georgia	N.C.	M.	.....	.....	***	*	.....
Bidwell's Early	P-to.	V.E.	***	***	.....	.....	.....
Bidwell's Late	P-to.	E.	**	**	.....	**	.....
Cabler's Indian	Sp.	M.	*	**	**	**	*
Carman	N.C.	E.	.....	.....	***	***	***
Chinese Cling	N.C.	M.	.....	.....	*	**	*
Chinese Free	N.C.	M.	.....	.....	*	**	*
Climax	Hon.	E.	*	**	**	**	*
Colon	Hon.	E.	**	***	**	*	.....
Connecticut	Per.	E.	.....	.....	*	*	**
Countess	Sp.	M.	.....	.....	**	*	*
Crawford's Early	Per.	E.	.....	.....	*	*	**
Crawford's Late	Per.	M.	.....	.....	*	*	**
Crosby	Per.	M.	.....	.....	*	*	**
Dorothy N.	P-to.	M.	**	**	*	.....	.....
Early Rivers	Per.	E.	.....	.....	*	*	**
Early Tillotson	Per.	E.	.....	.....	*	*	**
Elberta	N.C.	M.	.....	.....	***	***	***
Estella	Sp.	L.	*	**	**	**	.....
Everbearing	Sp.	E-L.	.....	.....	*	*	*
Ferdinand	Hon.	M.	*	**	**	*	.....
Fleitas	Per.	M.	.....	.....	*	*	*
Florida Crawford	Sp.	M.	*	**	**	*	.....
Florida Gem	Hon.	E.	**	***	**	**	.....
Foster	Per.	E.	.....	.....	.....	.....	**
General Lee	N.C.	M.	.....	.....	**	**	**
Gibbons' October	Sp.	L.	*	**	**	**	.....
Goodbread's Late	Sp.	L.	*	**	**	**	.....
Greensboro	Per.	V.E.	.....	.....	***	***	***
Hale's Early	Per.	E.	.....	.....	*	*	**
Hall's Yellow	P-to.	E.	**	**	.....	.....	.....
Honey	Hon.	E.	*	**	**	**	.....
Imperial	Hon.	E.	*	**	**	**	.....
Japan Dwarf Blood	O.B.	V.E.	*	**	**	*	.....
Jessie Kerr	Per.	V.E.	.....	.....	**	**	**
Jewel	P-to.	V.E.	***	***	***	**	.....
Lady Ingold	Per.	E.	.....	.....	.....	.....	**
La Reine	Sp.	M.	*	**	**	**	.....
Lorentz	N.C.	L.	.....	.....	.....	.....	**
Maggie	P-to.	V.E.	***	**	**	*	.....
Matthews' Beauty	N.C.	M.	.....	.....	*	**	**
Oldmixon Cling	Per.	M.	.....	.....	.....	.....	***
Oldmixon Free	Per.	M.	.....	.....	.....	*	***
Onderdonk	Sp.	M.	.....	.....	**	**	*
Oviedo	Hon.	E.	*	**	**	**	.....
Pallas	Hon.	E.	*	**	**	**	.....
Peen-to	P-to.	V.E.	***	**	*	.....	.....
Powers' September	Sp.	L.	*	**	**	**	.....
Red Ceylon	O.B.	V.E.	**	*	*	.....	.....
Reeves' Mammoth	Sp.	M.	*	**	*	.....	.....
Strawberry Cling	Sp.	M.	*	**	**	**	.....
Salway	Per.	M.	.....	.....	.....	.....	**
Sangmel	Hon.	E.	*	**	**	**	.....
Sikes' Early	Sp.	V.E.	**	**	**	*	.....
Sneed	N.C.	V.E.	.....	.....	***	***	***
Stump-the-World	Per.	M.	.....	.....	.....	.....	**
Suber	P-to.	V.E.	***	***	*	*	.....
Taber	Hon.	E.	*	***	**	***	.....
Thurber	N.C.	M.	.....	.....	.....	*	**
Triana	Hon.	E.	***	***	**	**	.....
Triumph	Per.	V.E.	.....	.....	*	***	***
Waldo	P-to.	V.E.	***	***	**	**	.....
Yum Yum	P-to.	V.E.	***	**	**	**	.....

Explanation of list: The first column shows type to which the variety belongs—thus, "Sp." means native Spanish; "Per" means Persian race; "N. C." Northern Chinese; "Hon." Honey; "P-to," Peen-to; "O. B." Oriental Blood. The second column gives the time of ripening, represented by initials: V. E., E., M., L., meaning very early, early, medium and late. The other columns represent different sections of the country, as follows:

"A" representing South Florida and other tropical sections.

"B" representing Eastern North Florida.

"C" representing Western North Florida, Lower Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi.

"D" representing Coastwise Texas and Louisiana.

"E" representing other peach-growing sections of the United States.

The starring in each column represents adaptability, that is, three stars (****) means that variety is well adapted to that section and is highly recommended; two stars (**) means adapted and recommended, but not so highly as when marked with three stars; one star (*) means that the variety does only fairly well in that section; while no starring means variety is not recommended for that section.

Alexander. Large, highly colored; flesh white, rather acid, juicy; of only fair quality. Very early for Persian type; about June 1st.

decided Indian type; cligstone, very fine. Ripens July 15 to 25.

Angel. Medium to large; highly colored, especially on sunny side; flesh white, melting, juicy, sub-acid, fine flavored; entirely devoid of the bitter noyau flavor of most Peen-to varieties. Ripens June 20 to 30. Blooms a month later than Peen-to, consequently is seldom caught by frosts. Valuable market kind.

Carman. Large size; resembling Elberta in shape; skin creamy white or pale yellow, with deep blush; flesh tender and of fine flavor, juicy, freestone. Prolific. June 10 to 20.

Barnett. A very large, yellow cling, with red cheek; juicy and high flavored; a choice market variety; fine for canning purposes. A native of Baker county. Ripens July 10 to 20.

Chinese Cling. Very large, round; skin yellowish white, sometimes washed with red; flesh white, red at the stone, rich, vinous, excellent. Ripens July 5 to 15.

Belle of Georgia. Very large; white, washed with red on sunny side; very showy; flesh white, firm and nicely flavored. Freestone. July 1 to 15.

Chinese Free. Seedling of Chinese Cling; size large, roundish oblong, skin white, with red cheek, flesh red, firm and well flavored; a desirable market variety; freestone. Ripens July 5 to 15.

Bidwell's Early. Medium to large; roundish oblong, with short recurved point; color creamy white, beautifully washed with carmine; flesh greenish white, fine grained, melting, juicy and sweet; slight noyau flavor. Clingston. Commences ripening with Peen-to, but continues longer. Valuable market kind in South Florida and other tropical sections.

Climax. Size medium, round, slightly oblong, with recurved point; color pale yellow, washed with red; flesh yellowish white, fine-grained, melting, sweet and sprightly; quality excellent; freestone. June 25 to July 5.

Bidwell's Late. Medium to large, nearly round; yellowish white; flesh fine grained, juicy and sweet. Quality excellent; slight noyau flavor. Cling. Ripens about three weeks later than Peen-to.

Colon. Medium to large; roundish oblong; skin creamy white washed with red; flesh white, streaked with red, particularly around the pit, sometimes almost blood-red; juicy, subacid, delicious; freestone. June 15 to 25.

Connecticut. The fruit is large, round, deep yellow, with red cheek; sweet and high-flavored; free. Ripens before Crawford's Early. Tree vigorous and productive.

Countess. Large; nearly round; skin white; flesh white, tender, melting; juicy, vinous; excellent; free. Ripens July 15 to 20.

Cabler's Indian. Origin, Texas; closely resembles Flewellen. Purple flesh, containing deeper purple veins, rich, subacid;

Crawford's Early. Large; yellow, with red cheek; flesh yellow, juicy and rich; free. End of June.

Crawford's Late. Large; skin yellow, with red cheek; flesh yellow, fine quality; free. Last of July.

Crosby. Medium size, roundish, with distinct seam on blossom end; skin light golden yellow and very downy; flesh bright yellow and rather firm; free. Ripens between Early and Late Crawford. Tree of rather dwarfish habit, with a disposition to overbear; fruit should be thinned out.

Dorothy N. Seeding of Angel, originated in Lake county, Fla. Large size, nearly round; remarkably handsome; flesh yellow, rich, subacid, fine flavor. Ripens July 5 to 15. A fine mid-season variety for central and South Florida.

Early Rivers. Large to very large; skin pale greenish and very thin; flesh subacid and very juicy, with delicate flavor; free; very prolific. June 10 to 20. Well suited to nearby markets.

Early Tillotson. Medium size; skin white, covered with red; flesh melting and good; free. Very prolific; fruit an admirable shipper. June 20 to 25.

Elberta. Very large; skin yellow washed with red; flesh yellow, firm and juicy; highly flavored; free. Probably planted to a larger extent commercially than any other variety; one of the most profitable market kinds where adapted. Does well in West Florida and sections further west and north, but is not adapted to peach-growing sections of Florida or further south.

Estella. Large size, almost round; skin greenish yellow with red cheek; flesh yellow, quality excellent; free. One of the finest extremely late varieties. Ripens September 1 to 10.

Everbearing. Medium to large; creamy white, streaked and mottled with purple; flesh white with red veins; juicy, subacid, quality good; freestone. Commences ripening about July 1 and produces successive crops until last of August.

Ferdinand. Large, smooth, roundish oblong, somewhat pointed; skin white, over-spread with red; flesh white, veined with red; meaty, rich and delicious. Cling. June 25 to July 5.

Fleitas. (Yellow St. John.) Large, nearly round, light yellow with red cheek; flesh yellow, sweet, juicy and delicious; free. June 20 to July 5.

Florida Crawford. Large, roundish oblong; shallow but distinct suture; light

yellow with red cheek; flesh yellow, melting, juicy, rich flavor; quality excellent; free. July 15 to 25.

Florida Gem. Large, roundish oblong, pointed; light yellow, overlaid with deep red on sunny side; flesh juicy, sweet and rich, red at pit; quality excellent; free. July 1 to 10. A good market variety.

Foster. A large yellow peach, resembling Crawford's Early, but of a better quality, and ripening at the same time or a little earlier.

General Lee. Very large; creamy white with red cheek; flesh juicy and nicely flavored; quality good. Cling. July 5 to 15.

Gibbons' October. Medium to large; skin creamy white; flesh white; quality good. Free. September 25 to October 15. A fine, extremely late variety.

Goodbread's Late. Very large, white, cling with red cheek. Ripens August 5 to 15. A native of Columbia County; a very valuable variety for all purposes.

Greensboro. Large; light yellow beautifully washed and streaked with bright red, a delicate clean color; flesh white, very juicy and of fine flavor; quality excellent. Semi-cling. About June 1.

Hale's Early. Medium to large; skin greenish white, nearly covered with dark red; flesh white, melting, juicy and good; free. June 5 to 20.

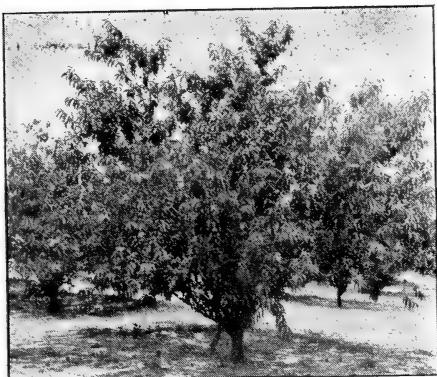
Hall's Yellow. Seedling of the Angel, originated by Mr. R. E. Hall, of Volusia County, Fla., and sometimes called the Bonanza Peach. Medium to large size, nearly covered with red; flesh deep yellow, red at the pit; firm, quality fair, subacid flavor; keeps well and ships well. June 20 to July 5.

Honey. Medium, oval; deep suture nearly full length, terminating in a long, sharp, peculiar, re-curved point; creamy white with deep red on sunny side; flesh creamy white, fine, juicy, melting; very sweet, rich flavor; quality excellent; free. June 5 to 20.

Imperial. Large to very large; oblong, pointed, with ridge on one side; skin greenish yellow washed with red; flesh white, juicy, sweet, excellent; free. June 25 to July 5.

Japan Dwarf Blood. Medium size; good appearance; flesh blood red as name indicates; quality fair; free. May 25 to June 5. Stocky, dwarf-growing tree.

Jessie Kerr. Very similar in tree and fruit to Alexander, except fruit is larger and a little earlier.



Jewel Peach Tree in Bearing in Florida

Jewel. The most popular market peach in Florida. Fruit medium to large; roundish oblong; highly colored, deep red cheek; flesh yellowish white, red at stone; very juicy, sweet, melting and delicious. Quality best. Ripens ten days to a fortnight ahead of Waldo or Peen-to. While it produces well it does not overbear like Waldo. Good shipper. Freestone. Tree vigorous and clean, healthy grower. Very valuable.

Lady Ingold. Resembles Crawford's Early, but of better quality and a few days later. Superior for canning.

La Reine. Large, round, slightly oblong; skin yellowish white, washed with deep red; flesh white, very red at the stone, firm, juicy, rich, delicious; cling. July 20 to 25. A native variety of strong growth and very prolific.

Lorentz. Fruit is unusually large and of a superior flavor, especially for so late in the season. Freestone, yellow-fleshed; frequently requires thinning from overproduction.

Maggie. Medium, roundish oblong; yellowish white, washed with red; flesh juicy, sweet, melting, semi-cling. Ripens with Peen-to. Quite similar in appearance and general description to Bidwell's Early.

Matthews' Beauty. Very large, a little longer, but otherwise shaped like Alberta; deep yellow, streaked with red; flesh yellow, firm and excellent flavor. Quality best. Early August.

Oldmixon Cling. Large, oblong; skin creamy white, much red of varying tint; flesh juicy, sweet and well flavored; August 10.

Oldmixon Free. Large, inclined to be oval; skin yellowish white; flesh white, juicy, rich and vinous; free. July 15 to 25.

Onderdonk. A fine medium late peach of Texas origin. Fruit medium to large; deep yellow; flesh yellow, very sweet and juicy; free. Last of July.

Oviedo. Seedling of Honey. Medium size, roundish oblong, with short re-curved point; greenish yellow washed with red; flesh white streaked with red; firm, good flavor, free. Early July.

Pallas. Medium to large, roundish; deep red, splashed with light and deep yellow; flesh white, rich, vinous, melting, quality excellent; free, June 20 to 30. Well adapted all along the Gulf Coast from Florida to Texas.

Peen-to. A peculiarly formed peach, like a flat turnip, both ends depressed; pit same shape. Color greenish white washed with red on sunny side; when allowed to ripen on tree changes to delicate waxy yellow. Flesh greenish white, sweet, rich, very juicy and fine flavored; slight noyau tang; cling. May 20 to June 1.

Powers' September. A very late variety of medium size and good quality; flesh white; free. September 1 to 15.

Red Ceylon. Medium size, dull green color; blood red flesh; quite acid, but fine for cooking, having a peculiar flavor like prunelles; freestone. Good grower and heavy bearer. Quite tropical in character, even more so than Peen-to.

Reeves' Mammoth. Large, fine, freestone; native Florida variety. Early August.

Salway. Very large, yellow, beautifully mottled with brownish red cheek, highly colored; very productive; a fine freestone. Early in August.

Sangmel. Large, roundish oblong, pointed; skin white, overspread with red; flesh white, streaked with red, firm, juicy, sweet and high flavored; cling. June 20 to 30.

Sike's Early. A very early clingstone peach, about same size and shape as Waldo; highly colored; flesh almost blood red; very juicy, acid; excellent. Ripens about with Jewel. Adapted to North and Central and possibly South Florida. Very productive.

Sneed. Medium size, slightly oval; creamy white with deep blush on sunny side; flesh white, juicy and finely flavored; semi-cling. A week to ten days earlier than Alexander.

Strawberry Cling. Very large, white, with red cheek, and colored through the flesh; well flavored; a very desirable variety for canning. Ripens July 10 to 20. A native of Baker county.

Stump-the-World. Very nearly round; skin creamy white, with red cheek; flesh

white, juicy and good. Free. July 15 to 25.

Suber. Medium to large, roundish oblong, with short, re-curved point; skin creamy white, washed with carmine; flesh fine grained, melting, juicy and sweet, with slight noyau flavor; cling. May 20 to June 1. Very similar to Bidwell's Early; a little larger and a trifle more acid. A valuable market variety, much in favor among Volusia county orchardists.

Taber. Medium to large; roundish oblong; creamy white washed with red; flesh white with red around pit; firm, juicy, sweet, highly flavored; cling. A fine peach for canning as well as for eating out of hand.

Thurber. Large size; white with crimson splotches; flesh juicy, vinous and delicious. Free. Middle of July.

Triana. One of the finest of the Honey seedlings. Fruit medium size, roundish oblong, pointed; skin creamy white, overspread with red; flesh white with red around pit, rich, juicy, very sweet and highly flavored; quality best; freestone. June 25 to July 5.

Triumph. Large size, nearly round, yellow, nearly covered with dark red; flesh bright yellow, quality good; pit small; semi-cling. Ripens with Alexander, blooms late.

Waldo. Medium size, roundish oblong; creamy white, with deep red cheek; very handsome; flesh white, red at pit, juicy, melting, sweet and delicious. Free. May 20 to June 1. Seedling of Peen-to crossed with Honey. It has the delightful flavor of both parents without the bitter tang of the Peen-to. One of the best and most reliable market kinds for Florida and other semi-tropical sections. A heavy bearer. Preferred in market to the Alexander and other early kinds grown in same latitude as Alexander. Succeeds well all along the Gulf Coast and in the West Indies and Mexico.

Yum-Yum. Size medium, roundish oblong; skin yellowish white, marked with carmine; flesh fine grained, sweet, juicy and melting; sub-cling. Ripens about with the Peen-to. Very much like Bidwell's Early in appearance, time of ripening and other qualities.

PLUMS

The pure Japanese type of plums does well in many sections of the United States and has been planted quite extensively commercially; but all along the Gulf Coast country they are a little out of their range and do not always bear satisfactorily. There are, however, now several cross-bred varieties (Japanese and Southern Chickasaw types crossed), which bear well in all the Gulf Coast section and even in Southern Florida. Of these cross-bred varieties Excelsior, Terrell, Florida Queen and Howe are some of the best. We can heartily recommend them for either home use or commercial planting.

PRICES OF PLUMS ON MARIANNA STOCK.

	Each	10	100	1000
1 year, 2 to 3 feet.....	15c	\$1 25	\$ 8 50	\$ 65 00
1 year, 3 to 4 feet.....	20c	1 75	10 00	85 00
1 year, 4 to 6 feet.....	25c	2 00	15 00	100 00
2 years, 6 ft. and up, branched.....	30c	2 50	20 00	150 00

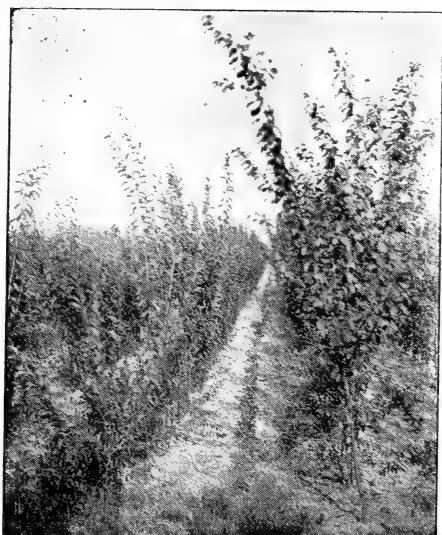
Special prices furnished on larger lots.

Abundance. Medium to large; roundish, pointed; greenish yellow overlaid with dull purplish carmine; flesh light greenish yellow; sweet and juicy, slight subacid and apricot flavor; small stone; cling; quality excellent.

Babcock. (Botankio). Fruit large, round, conical; skin yellow, overlaid rather thickly with purplish red and blue bloom; flesh deep orange; solid, sugary, subacid, good flavor and quality; cling. Tree vigorous and prolific.

Bailey. We quote the description of Professor Bailey, after whom it was named: "Fruit large, nearly globular, with only a slight tendency to become conical; skin ground color, rich orange, overspread with light cherry-red, and showing many minute orange dots; flesh thick and melting, yellow, of most excellent quality; cling. Tree strong and upright, productive. Closely related to Burbank, but rounder and mostly larger, and a week or more later."

Berckmans'. (Botan). Large, round, slightly oblong, sometimes verging to heart



Plum Nursery.

shaped; skin yellow, overspread with bright red and light purplish bloom; flesh yellow and of good flavor; cling. Fruit an exceptionally good keeper. Tree vigorous, productive and a reliable bearer.

Burbank. Medium to large, from 5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ inches in circumference; very uniform in size; nearly round; cherry red, often dotted yellow or marbled with lilas bloom; flesh firm and meaty, deep yellow, rich and sweet and highly flavored; cling. Strong grower and bears rather farther South than most of the Japanese strain. A very popular variety.

Chabot. Large size, usually about 2 inches diameter; oblong-conical; reddish pink dotted with dull red and gold; flesh yellow, firm, rather acid; quality good; cling.

Chase. (Yellow Japan). Fruit large, round verging to heart-shaped; under-color yellow, overlaid with dull red and showing many golden dots, finally becoming dull red all over; bloom thick; flesh yellow, firm and rather juicy, sweet and good. A very excellent plum. The tree is a strong, upright, spreading grower, and productive. Middle of July.

Excelsior. A cross-bred variety which has proven its value in nearly all sections of the South and particularly in Florida, even as far South as Tampa. Size medium to large, about $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter; round; reddish purple, with heavy blue bloom; very handsome; flesh juicy, melt-

ing, sweet and of excellent quality; cling. Very early, about June 1.

Florida Queen. A new variety, originated by Mr. Henry Reed, of Baker County, Florida. Supposed to be a cross between the old Florida native and the Kelsey, of which it is a seedling. Fruit of excellent quality; large, yellow, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches in diameter; melting when ripe. Begins to ripen the 15th of July and lasts till the 15th of August. Can be gathered when beginning to ripen, and will keep from four to five days in perfectly good condition. One of the best for Florida orchards. Very prolific.

Hale. Handsome, large, round-cordate; orange, thinly overlaid with mottled red, so as to have a yellowish red appearance, or, well-colored specimens, deep cherry-red with yellow specks; flesh yellow, soft and juicy (yet a good keeper) with a very delicious slightly acid peach flavor; skin somewhat sour; cling. Very late. Tree a remarkably strong grower.

Howe. (A cross between the Japanese and native varieties.) Originated in Putnam County, Florida. Bears heavy annual crops of medium to large size plums, ripening early in May. This plum has the hardness of our native fruit combined with size and flavor of the Japan varieties. Color, a rich, dark red overspread with bluish purple bloom, flesh is firm, rich and juicy. A plum that can be depended upon to give you a crop when others fail.

Kelsey. Fruit very large, from 7 to 9 inches in circumference, heart-shaped, long-pointed, usually somewhat lop-sided, with deep, furrow-like suture. Skin greenish yellow, sometimes overspread with bright red, with a lovely blue bloom. Very showy. Flesh light yellow, firm, meaty, and of pleasant flavor. Quality excellent. Free. Bears heavily, coming in young.

Normand. Fruit medium to large, obtusely conical, with heartlike base and short stem. Skin clear, golden yellow. Flesh firm and meaty; yellow, of high quality. Tree symmetrical, prolific.

Ogon. Fruit medium to large, round or slightly flattened; suture prominent. Skin bright yellow, with a light creamy bloom, giving the fruit a whitish appearance. Flesh thick and very meaty, but not juicy. Firm and long keeping; good, but not of the best quality. Free.

Pissard. (*Prunus Pissardii*). This variety is used principally as an ornamental; its vivid purple foliage which retains its color throughout the summer, is strikingly handsome and adds a touch of color

to almost any landscape or grounds. Fruit is of medium to large size, crimson inside and out; quality only fair. June.

Red June. (Red Nagate). Medium to large; cordate and long pointed; suture deep; lopsided. Deep red with handsome bloom; very showy; flesh light yellow, firm, slightly subacid to sweetish; quality good; semi-cling.

Satsuma Blood. Fruit medium to large, broadly conical, with a blunt, short point. Suture very deep. Skin very dark and dull all over. Firm, very juicy, quality good. Free. Flesh firm and solid, deep blood red. It is excellent for preserving. It succeeds in many sections and does fairly well in Florida.

Terrell. A new cross-bred variety, supposed to be a seedling of Excelsior, and very similar in character of growth to that

variety. Fruit larger than Excelsior, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches diameter, and of finer flavor; color reddish-crimson, somewhat mottled and covered with purplish bloom; wine red when fully ripe; flesh greenish yellow, meaty, sweet with sufficient acidity to give a fine tone; cling. June 10 to 15. We recommend this very strongly.

Wickson. Very large, long cordate or oblong pointed; deep maroon-red; flesh firm, yellow, sweet and highly flavored; cling. One of the best of the Japanese type.

Wild Goose. Fruit large, oblong. Skin bright red. Flesh juicy, sweet. Quality excellent. Cling. June. Tree vigorous and prolific.

Willard. Fruit medium in size. Skin dark, clear red, with minute yellow dots. Flesh rather firm, yellow and of fair quality. Free. Very early.



Kieffer Pears.

PEARS

Only pears of oriental strain do well in the South, but these are at home here, and succeed admirably. The four best varieties are LeConte, Kieffer, Smith and Garber. LeConte and Smith are early kinds and nearly always bring good prices in Northern markets. Kieffer ripens late in the season and holds on trees remarkably well; it is one of the finest for cooking. Our trees are grown on Japan and French pear stocks, and are exceptionally fine.

PRICES.

	Each	10	100
1 year, 2 to 3 feet, straight	12c	\$1 00	\$ 8 00
1 year, 3 to 4 feet, straight	15c	1 30	10 00
1 year, 4 to 6 feet, straight	20c	1 50	12 00
1 year, 6 feet up	25c	2 00	15 00
2 years old, large, branched	30c	2 50	20 00

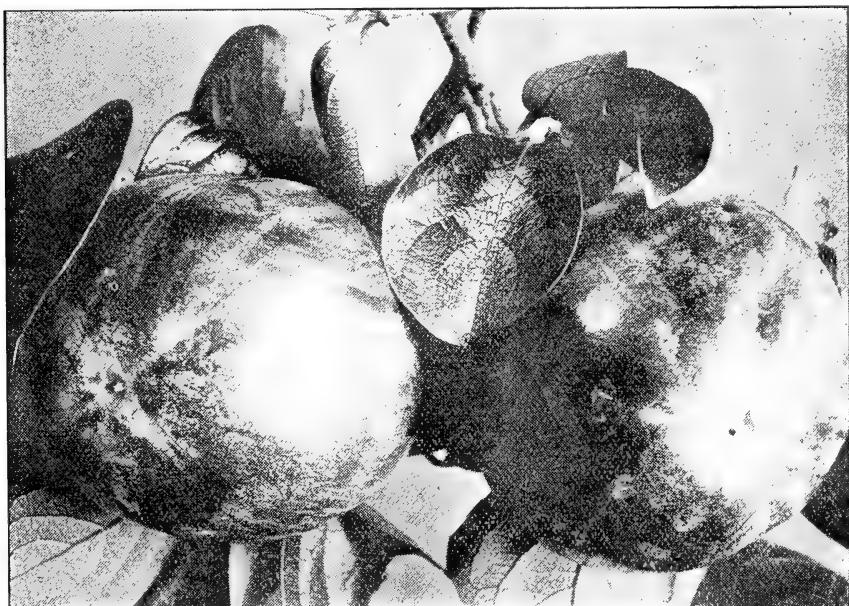
Garber. Similar in size, shape and general appearance to Kieffer, but tree more spreading. Ripens ahead of Kieffer.

Kieffer. Very large, pyriform in shape. Color light greenish yellow with bright red cheek; quite handsome. Extremely prolific, apt to overbear, especially when young. Valuable for market or culinary purposes.

LeConte. Large to very large; pyriform; smooth, light yellow when ripe.

Early July. Quality excellent when properly ripened; that is when picked before fully ripe and placed in bulk preferably in a dark room. When shipped the barrels answers the same purpose. Ships well. Very prolific. Adapts itself to a great number of soils and locations.

Smith. (Smith's Hybrid.) Large to very large, very smooth; similar to Le Conte in form and color, but earlier. Good.



JAPAN PERSIMMONS

The Japan Persimmon is a fruit from the Orient that has come to stay. It has proven itself to be adapted to the hot cotton belt of the Gulf States, and has very few enemies. The different varieties ripen from August to December and the fruit is getting to be quite popular in the Northern markets. When grafted on the native persimmon it will grow on most any kind of soil, but well-drained rich loam suits it best. The fruit should be shipped just before it begins to get soft.

	PRICES.	Each	10	100
2 to 3 feet, straight.....	20c	\$1 50	\$12 00	
3 to 4 feet, straight.....	25c	2 00	15 00	
4 to 5 feet, straight.....	30c	2 50	20 00	
5 to 6 feet, branched.....	35c	3 00	25 00	

Hachiya. The largest of all; about 3½ by 3¼ inches; oblong, conical, with short point. Brilliant dark red, sometimes with dark spots and rings at blossom end; very showy. Flesh deep yellow, with occasional dark streaks and seeds. Astringent until ripe, then very delicious.

Hyakume. Large to very large; about 2¾ by 3½ inches; generally roundish oblong, nearly always slightly flattened at both ends and often depressed at blossom end. Light buffish yellow; very apt to be marked with rings and veins at blossom end. Flesh dark brown, crisp, meaty, sweet. Not astringent, good while still hard.

Okame. Large, about 2¾ by 3½ inches; roundish oblate, somewhat four-sided. Orange yellow changing to brilliant carmine, with delicate bloom. Flesh light yellow, with dark brown around seeds. Astringent until nearly ripe. Quality best. Very vigorous and prolific.

Tane-nashi. Large to very large, about 3½ by 3¾ inches, roundish conical, pointed; very smooth, symmetrical and handsome. Light clean yellow, changing to deep reddish orange color when ripe. Flesh clear yellow and seedless. Quality very fine. The most desirable market variety. Tree vigorous and very prolific.

Triumph. Medium to small sized; tomato shaped. Skin yellow, flesh yellow, generally a few seeds which are not surrounded by dark flesh as is the case with most varieties. Quality excellent, very productive. Ripens from September to November.

Tsuru. Medium to large, about 3½ by 2¾; long slender, pointed; bright red; flesh orange-yellow, dark brown around the few seeds. Astringent until fully ripe, then very good. The latest to ripen.

Yeddo-ichi. Large, about 2½ by 3 inches; oblate, slight depression at blossom end; very smooth and regular in outline; skin dark red, with heavy bloom, tinted appearing surface. Flesh very dark brown, almost purplish; seedy, sweet, rich, crisp; good while still hard; one of the best in quality.

Yemon. Large, about 2½ by 3¼ inches; flat tomato-shaped; slightly four-sided; skin light yellow, changing to dull red mottled with light yellow; flesh dull red, brown around the few seeds; occasionally seedless and entirely light fleshed; astringent until it begins to soften, then very fine; one of the best.

Zengi. Small, about 1¾ by 2¼ inches; roundish oblate; skin yellowish red; flesh very dark brown; seedy; quality good; edible while still hard. One of the earliest.

APPLES

There are a few apples which succeed fairly well in the Gulf Coast region, and should be planted for home use. The kinds we list have been tested and proven best adapted out of a large list.

	PRICES.	Each	10	100
1 year, small, 2 to 3 feet.....	12c	\$1 00	\$ 8 00	
1 year, standard size, 3 to 4 feet.....	15c	1 30	9 00	
1 year, large size, 4 to 5 feet and up.....	20c	1 70	12 00	

Ben Davis. One of the most extensively grown for market purposes in the apple-growing sections of the North, on account of its large size, fine appearance and splendid keeping qualities. Quality fair, sub-acid. A late ripening sort.

Early Harvest. Another well known and popular variety; medium to large; yellow, juicy, tender and fine flavor. Ripens in June.

Jennings. (Jennings' Florida.) This variety was found growing and fruiting well in Baker County, Florida, some years ago. Has proven the most satisfactory kind for

Florida and the extreme South. Large, oblate; color green. Flesh white, juicy, sub-acid, good for either eating out of hand or for cooking. Ripens in June. Tree vigorous and a heavy annual bearer.

Red Astrachan. Adapted to a wonderful range of country; a fine variety in Maine and one of the best in Northern Florida, does very well all along the Gulf Coast country. Large, crimson, with heavy bloom; crisp, juicy, slightly acid. Ripens in June.

Red June. Medium size, conical deep red, juicy, productive. June 20 to July 15.

APRICOTS

This fruit, which has met with so much success in California, is not recommended for extensive planting in the lower South. But there are a few varieties that do fairly well. The kinds listed here are the best for this section.

PRICES, APRICOTS ON PEACH STOCK.

	Each	10	100
1 year, 2 to 3 feet.....	15c	\$1 30	\$10 00
1 year, 3 to 4 feet.....	20c	1 50	12 00
1 year, 4 to 5 feet.....	25c	2 00	16 00
1 year, 5 to 6 feet.....	35c	3 00	20 00

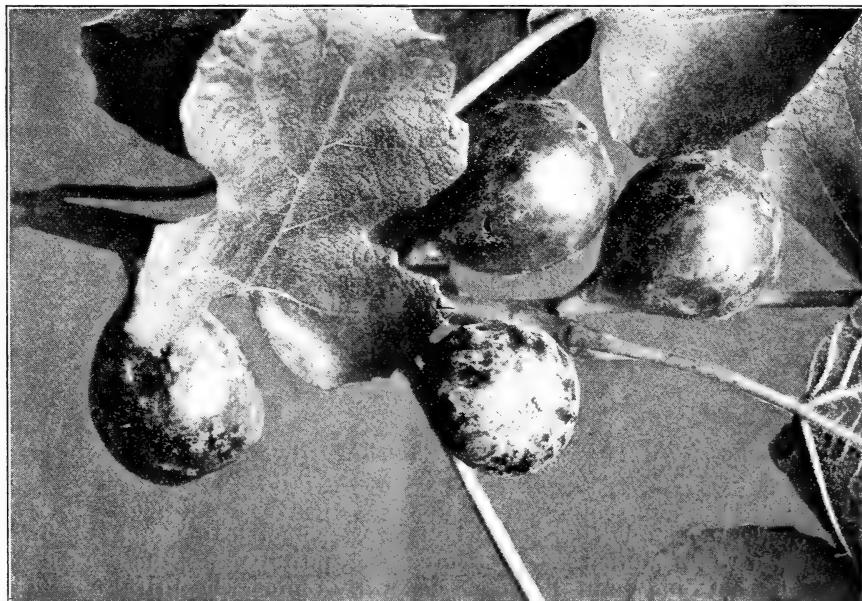
Bungo. (Bungoume.) A Japanese variety of fair quality; good size, and golden yellow color.

Hubbard. Another Japanese kind; bright yellow color, large size and fair quality; said to be semi-tropical in habit.

Royal. One of the popular California varieties, fruit large, oval; dull yellow

with red cheek; flesh firm, juicy, vinous; quality good. Freestone. Ripens in July.

Santa Fe. Originated in Alachua County, Fla., near Lake Santa Fe, where it has borne well. Probably the best variety for the extreme South. Ripens May 20 to June 5, blooms late, seldom caught by frost while in bloom; medium size, round or somewhat flattened; yellow with reddish brown spots; flesh pale yellow; free-stone; quality excellent. Strong grower.



FIGS

One of the most delicious of fruits, whether served fresh, with cream and sugar, or preserved or pickled, or in fact prepared in any of the numerous ways in which it can be made so palatable. Does well

almost everywhere in the lower South. Should be planted to a much greater extent for both home use and commercially for it is very profitable when properly marketed.

PRICES.

	Each	10	100
1 year, 1 to 2 feet	15c	\$1 25	\$10 00
1 year, 2 to 3 feet	20c	1 50	12 00
2 years, 3 to 4 feet	25c	2 00	15 00
2 years, 4 ft. up	30c	2 50	20 00

Brown Turkey. Medium size, color brown; sweet and of excellent quality. Tree very prolific and hardy.

Brunswick. A late variety and one of the best. Very large, violet color; sweet and delicious.

Celestial. The small sugar fig. Strong grower, very prolific; commences ripening

quite early and continues for a long season; color violet. Very sweet and finely flavored. One of the most satisfactory and probably the hardiest in the list.

Lemon. Large size, light greenish yellow color, sweet and of excellent quality. Prolific. Early.

POMEGRANATES

A large shrub or small tree, quite ornamental in character of growth and foliage. Blooms very freely, and flowers are strikingly brilliant of a lovely scarlet color. Bears early and heavily and fruit is very much liked for its crispness, delicacy and sprightliness by those who know it. it.

PRICES.

	Each	10	100
1 year, from cuttings, 1 to 2 feet.....	20c	\$1 50	\$10 00
1 year, from cuttings, 2 to 3 feet.....	25c	2 00	15 00
1 year, from cuttings, 3 to 4 feet.....	35c	3 00	20 00
1 year, from cuttings, 4 to 5 feet.....	50c	4 00	30 00

Purple Seeded. Very large, rind thin, red color, sprightly, vinous and finely Juicy cells which surround the seeds (the flavored. One of the best varieties. Quite edible portion of the fruit) are dark wine ornamental.

LOQUAT

(*Eriobotrya Japonica*, Japanese Medlar, Biwa of the Japanese.)

Broad-leaved evergreen tree of tropical habit; very handsome; gives a tropical touch to grounds where planted. Leaves are large, dark green and rough; the young twigs are woolly. A symmetrical, compact grower, forming a well-rounded head. Fruits when quite young, the fruit being about 1 to 1½ inches in diameter, generally oblong; beautiful clear yellow; somewhat acid; very desirable for cooking and makes a delicious jelly.

PRICES ON LOQUATS—FROM SEED.

	Each	10
2 to 3 ft.....	35c	\$3 00
3 to 4 ft.....	50c	4 00
4 to 5 ft.....	75c	6 00

MULBERRIES

The mulberry is a very rapid growing tree which can be trained into a beautiful symmetrical shape, and be made into a desirable shade tree. The berries, which are produced in great profusion form an economic food for swine or poultry. Birds are very fond of them and the trees are often grown for tolling birds away from other fruits.

PRICES.

	Each	10	100
1 year, 2 to 3 feet.....	15c	\$1 25	\$10 00
1 year, 3 to 4 feet.....	20c	1 50	12 00
1 year, 4 to 6 feet.....	25c	2 00	16 00
1 year, 6 ft up	30c	2 50	20 00

Hicks. (Everbearing.) Medium sized black berries, very sweet, rather insipid. Tree a rapid grower; very productive; continuous in bearing nearly four months. Especially desirable for a poultry yard or for swine.

Stubbs. Very large black berries of excellent quality. Very productive. A handsome tree, broad, healthy foliage; a form

of the native red mulberry, discovered in Georgia.

Multicaulis (*Morus Multicaulis*). The silk worm tree, used principally here as a stock upon which to grow other varieties. Very vigorous. Makes a desirable shade tree.

White. (*Morus Alba*) Rapid grower, prolific; berries large and sweet; color white.

GRAPES

While commercial grape growing has not proven very profitable in the lower South, there are several varieties of bunch grapes that succeed very well here. Our list includes some of the most desirable. Muscadine type of grapes are at home in the South and are strong growers and very productive. Where they can be made into wine or jelly, they are quite profitable. Whether this can be done or not, every home should have several vines of both bunch grapes and the muscadine type, for they are exceptionally healthful and desirable for table use.

Varieties of bunch grapes should be trained on trellises about 8 to 10 feet apart and pruned back each winter when dormant. Varieties of the muscadine type should be trained on arbors 15 to 25 feet apart; they require no pruning.

PRICES.

	Each	10	100
1 year vines.....	15c	\$1 00	\$ 7 00
2 year vines	20c	1 25	10 00
3 year vines.....	25c	2 00	12 00

Concord. Blue-black berries of large size, and in large bunches; covered with bloom; flesh pulpy, sweet, tender; excellent. Vigorous grower and very prolific. July. Desirable for nearby markets, but too tender for long shipment.

Delaware. Berries small, reddish or pink, skin very thin; pulp sweet, juicy, vinous; quality best. Bunches medium. One of the best for Florida and the Gulf Coast country.

Diamond. Bunches large, berries white and of fine quality. About ten days earlier

than Niagara. Well adapted to the South and one of the best. Has done well in South Florida.

Flowers. Medium to large black berries, unusually large bunches for the muscadine type, generally 15 to 20 berries to the bunch. Sweet, nicely flavored. August and September.

Moore's Early. Earlier and of better quality than Concord, but otherwise quite similar.

Niagara. Large, greenish yellow berries, produced in large bunches; quality excel-

lent; early, vigorous and productive. A fine market variety. One of the best in the lower South.

Scuppernong. Large greenish yellow berries, bronze colored when fully ripe. Bunches of 8 to 12. Pulp sweet with peculiar agreeable musky flavor; quality ex-

cellent. One of the best of the muscadine type. August and September.

Thomas. Small sized berries of a reddish purple color, usually 8 to 10 to the bunch. Pulp sweet, tender, juicy and sprightly; one of the finest flavored of the muscadine type. August and September.



Van Deman Pecans.

BUDDED PECANS

Within the last few years pecans have been attracting a great deal of attention on account of the enormous profits to be derived from groves of large, thin-shelled varieties. The trees are easily transplanted, require comparatively little attention (although they respond readily to liberal treatment), and when they commence bearing—usually six to ten years from time of planting—they produce heavy annual crops, if proper kinds have been set. The nuts are easily gathered, and can be marketed any time within a year or so, when best prices can be obtained. The demand for the nuts, especially of the larger, finer sorts, is rapidly

increasing. Unlike most fruits, the pecan is used the year round.

In planting trees, care should be used to see that only first-class varieties are set, and these should be purchased only from the most responsible nurserymen. The best budded trees are cheapest and best in the end, for when you set a budded tree of known value you can depend on getting first-class nuts when the tree commences bearing, while if seedling trees are set there will be a great variety of nuts, some good, but mostly very inferior.

We have an especially fine lot of budded trees of the most popular and valuable kinds, and all are guaranteed true.

PRICES.

Each	10	100	1000
1 to 2 feet.....	65	\$ 6 00	\$ 55 00
2 to 3 feet.....	85	8 00	75 00
3 to 4 feet.....	\$1 00	9 00	80 00
4 to 5 feet.....	1 50	12 50	100 00
5 to 7 feet.....	2 00	15 00	125 00
			1100 00

Beveridge Triumph. One of the famous Jaccock's pecans. Large size, fine quality. A good nut.

Centennial. Large size, oblong, quite pointed at both ends; fine appearance; fairly thin shell; kernel plump; quality good. One of the oldest named varieties.

Columbian. (Syns. Rome, 20th Century, Pride-of-the-Coast). An extremely large nut of fair quality; oblong, ovoid; kernel sound.

Curtis. Medium size, $1\frac{1}{8}$ by $\frac{3}{8}$ inch; ovate conical, compressed, base rounded; pointed apex; shell thin, cracks easily; kernel compact, firm, sweet, rich; quality excellent. A good bearer.

Delmas. Medium to large, somewhat similar to Schley. Quality good.

Dewey. Medium to large, ovate, pointed, base rounded, apex sharp; shell thin and brittle; cracks easily; quality good; kernel full, plump, smooth, firm and solid; sweet, rich.

Eggshell. Said to be medium to large sized nut of good quality. We haven't fruited it as yet.

Formosa. Introduced by Mrs. Jacocks, of Formosa. One of her famous collection. Large size; fine quality.

Frotscher. Large sized, very thin shelled nuts, about $1\frac{1}{8}$ by 1 inches; color bright yellowish brown with a few black splashes at apex. Fills clear to ends; blunt at both ends; cracking quality excellent; kernel good flavored. A first-class variety.

Georgia Giant. Large size; base rounded; apex tapering, blunt; shell medium thickness, brittle; kernel plump, full, flavor sweet; quality good.

Jacock's Perfection. An extremely large nut of fine quality introduced by Mrs. Ja-

cocks, of Formosa. Has taken premiums wherever exhibited. Nuts 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, quite pointed at both ends; shell medium thickness.

James. A medium sized nut; extremely thin shelled; fine quality. Exceptionally heavy bearer. Originated in Louisiana.

Louisiana. Size medium, base rounded, sloping, pointed at apex; shell rather thick, cracking quality good; kernel full, plump, sweet, good.

Moneymaker. Medium size, ovate oblong, light yellowish brown, bright, clean looking nuts; shell medium thickness; cracks well; kernel full, plump, firm, solid, sweet, excellent. A heavy bearer.

Pabst. Large, about $1\frac{1}{8}$ by $\frac{7}{8}$, oblong, black markings; rather blunt, grooved; shell medium thickness; kernel plump, large, thick; flavor good. Quite productive.

Randall. A medium sized nut of very good quality. Not fruited by us yet.

Schley. Large size, generally about $1\frac{1}{8}$ by $\frac{7}{8}$, oblong, light reddish brown, speckled at base; shell thin, brittle, cracking quality excellent; kernel plump, smooth, full; flavor rich and sweet. A good grower and heavy bearer. Ripens in October.

Stuart. Large to very large, about $1\frac{1}{8}$ by 1 inch; grayish brown, dotted with purplish black; base rounded; blunt both ends; shell medium thickness, cracking quality very good; kernel large, full, plump, solid, fine-grained; flavor rich, sweet; quality good. A strong grower and heavy bearer. Has proven adapted to a very wide range of country. One of the best; in fact, generally conceded the best, all things considered.

Sweetmeat. Medium size, about $1\frac{1}{4}$ by $\frac{7}{8}$ inch, oblong; shell thin, cracking quality good; kernel plump, full, sweet, good.

VanDeman. Large to very large, about $2\frac{1}{8}$ by $\frac{7}{8}$, oblong cylindrical; reddish brown; pointed; shell medium thickness; kernel fine-grained, compact, sweet and de-

licious; quality excellent. A good grower, produces well. One of the finest and most profitable varieties.

SEEDLING PECANS

We have an especially fine lot of seedling pecans which have been grown from large, thin-shelled, selected nuts.

PRICES.

	Each	10	100	1000
1 year, 1 to 2 feet.....	15c	\$1 20	\$10 00	\$ 75 00
2 years, 2 to 3 feet.....	20c	1 75	12 50	100 00
2 years, 3 to 4 feet.....	25c	2 00	17 50	
3 years, 4 to 5 feet.....	30c	2 50	20 00	

WALNUTS

While walnuts of English and California varieties are not adapted to the South, the Japan Walnuts have proven well adapted here. They are strikingly handsome trees and bear well, nuts of good size and fine quality, but which, on account of their thick shells, are not recommended for extensive commercial planting.

PRICES.

	Each	10	100
1 to 2 feet.....	25c	\$2 00	\$17 00
2 to 3 feet.....	35c	3 00	25 00
3 to 4 feet.....	45c	4 00	30 00

Juglans Sieboldiana. Large sized nuts; black, rough, rather thick shelled; ovate, sharp pointed. Kernel flavor of butternut but not so oily; better quality. Nuts borne in clusters.

Juglan's Cordiformis. (Heart Shaped.) Similar in size and general appearance and quality to Sieboldiana, but heart shaped as its name indicates.

Japan Mammoth Chestnuts

An immense chestnut of rather inferior quality; grows well and fruits fairly well in the South. Handsome tree. Worthy of being planted in a small way on the home grounds.

PRICES.

	Each	Per 10
1 year, 1 to 2 feet.....	25c	\$2 00
1 year, 2 to 3 feet.....	30c	2 50
2 years, 3 to 4 feet.....	35c	3 00
3 years, 4 feet up.....	40c	3 50

ALMONDS

While almonds are not recommended for commercial planting in the South, it is well enough to plant a few trees to fill out collections.

They fruit occasionally. The two varieties, Princesse and Sultana, are the principal kinds seen on the markets.

PRICES.

	Each	10	100
1 year, 2 to 3 feet.....	12c	\$1 00	\$ 9 00
1 year, 3 to 4 feet.....	15c	1 20	10 00
1 year, 4 to 5 feet.....	20c	1 60	12 00

CHINQUAPIN

A shrub, or small tree found growing wild in many sections of the South. Produces an abundance of sweet, nicely flavored nuts; quite attractive when in bloom. The plants we offer are collected.

PRICES.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 2 feet.....	25c	\$2 00
2 to 3 feet.....	40c	3 50

ROSES

Among flowering plants, there are none more generally satisfactory than the rose. They are adapted to nearly all soils, and suitable for various forms of planting; as shrubs about the grounds they are very ornamental; as borders for walks or driveways they form beautiful flowering hedges; massed together they can be formed into attractive figured plots or set at edges of woodlands, they add color and make a striking foreground; or used as veranda vines the climbers form a mass of green with red, or yellow or pink, or white, or combination of several, which is surprisingly beautiful. When planted in almost any way, they furnish an abundance of flowers almost the whole year if proper varieties are planted.

As some varieties are better adapted to certain localities or for particular purposes, care should be used in making selection. If desired, we will be pleased to help our customers in selecting best varieties or will make selection for them when requested. With our knowledge of the different kinds and their characteristics, this often proves the most satisfactory method.

Our roses are mostly grafted upon Mad. Plantier and are strong field-grown plants, far superior for Southern planting to the small plants on their own roots as usually sent out by Northern growers.

Roses have been divided into different classes and the class often indicates to a certain extent the territory where those kinds are adapted. Following the names of the different varieties in the descriptions will be found initial letters indicating these classes. The key to these initials is as follows:

Bk., Banksia; Beng., Bengal; Bour., Bourbon; C. B., Climbing Bengal; C. C., Climbing China; C. N., Climbing Noisette; C. T., Climbing Tea; H. C., Hybrid China; H. N., Hybrid Noisette; H. P., Hybrid Perpetual; H. T., Hybrid Tea; Mult., Multiflora; N., Noisette; Pol., Polyantha; P., Prairie; T., Tea; W., Wichuraiana.

PRICES ON ROSES.

	Each	10	100
1 year, strong, open-ground-grown.....	25c	\$2 00	\$15 00
2 year, large, strong, open-ground-grown.....	35c	3 00	25 00

Agrippina. (Beng.) Brilliant velvet crimson. A free and constant bloomer.

Alphonse Soupert. (H. P.) Bright clear rose color; large and showy.

American Banner. (T.) Medium to large, finely formed; creamy white or light salmon, sometimes striped red. Good grower and free bloomer.

Antoine Mouton. (H. P.) Large clear pink flowers, reverse of petals silvery rose.

Apolline. (Beng.) Clear pink, shaded shaded with rosy crimson; reverse of petals silvery rose. Very free and constant bloomer.

Archduke Charles. (Beng.) Crimson scarlet, marbled with lighter shades.

Baronne Prevost. (H. P.) Rose colored, a pure shade; large, full, fragrant.

Bessie Johnson. (H. P.) Blush colored to white flowers.

Blanche de Meur. (H. P.) Pale pink or blush, changing to white.

Bon Silene. (T.) Bright rosy-salmon, inner petals carmine. Very fragrant. Finely formed buds. Very vigorous and profuse and constant bloomer.

Bougere. (T.) Large, double and full and very sweet tea fragrance; bronze-rose or violet crimson, shaded with lilac. Profuse bloomer.

Captain Christy. (H. P.) A delicate shade of pale peach, deepening toward center to rosy crimson; very large flat flowers.

Chestnut Hybrid. (H. T.) Ruby-crimson, changing to rich maroon; large, very double, full and perfect form; a strong grower.

Chromatella (Cloth of Gold). (C. N.) A splendid climber; clean, thrifty growth; color clear, bright yellow, very full and double and delightfully fragrant. Constant and profuse bloomer.

Clement Messier. (C. N.) White outer petals with beautiful shell pink at center;

fine buds and open flowers; medium size, double and full; sweet tea scent.

Climbing Bridesmaid. (C. T.) Dark pink, very similar to Bridesmaid; finely formed in buds and open flowers. A strong climber. Very desirable.

Clothilde Soupert. (Pol.) Pinkish rose, amber or creamy yellow, delicately flushed silvery rose; sometimes both red and white flowers borne on same stem. Blooms come in clusters. Perfectly full and double and delightfully fragrant. A very lovely and satisfactory variety; very profuse and constant bloomer. Strong grower.

Comtesse Eva Starhemberg. (T.) Long finely formed buds; open flowers, very double, full and regular. Color creamy yellow shading to deeper yellow at center. Edges of petals tipped rose.

Crimson Rambler. (Pol.) A rampant climber, soon covers a trellis or veranda. Flowers are produced in great profusion in great panicles or trusses each carrying 30 to 40 blooms. Individual flowers are about an inch to inch and a half in diameter and brilliant crimson which contrast finely with the dark green foliage.

Devoniensis. (C. T.) A most magnificent climbing rose often called the Magnolia rose on account of the snowy whiteness of the flowers; which generally show a delicate blush color at center. Delightfully fragrant. We consider this one of the finest roses in our collection. Can be grown as a bush rose by a little pruning. Very profuse and constant bloomer.

Duchesse de Brabant. (T.) Delicate shell pink, tinged with carmine at edges of petals. A most beautiful color, quite distinct, does not fade. Unsurpassed by any pink rose. The flowers hold their form and color a long time after being cut. Strong grower, very profuse and constant bloomer. One of the most satisfactory.

Elise Boelle. (H. N.) White tinged with pink, medium size, full, circular form, fragrant.

Estelle Pradel. (C. N.) Pure white. Buds finely formed, flowers medium size, full and sweet. A good climber.



Etoile de Lyon.

Etoile de Lyon. (T.) Large finely formed buds and flowers; very double, full and fragrant. Deep chrome yellow, deepening to pure golden yellow at the center. Except Marechal Niel, this is probably the finest yellow rose in the South. Very profuse and constant bloomer. One of the best.

Fortune's Double Yellow. (C. T.) Salmon and sulphur yellow, edged rose; very beautiful and strikingly odd in coloring. Flowers large, single and open. A spring bloomer.

General Jacqueminot. (H. P.) Rich crimson-scarlet, large globular flowers.

General Washington. (H.P.) Scarlet-crimson, large and double.

Gloire Lyonnaise. (H.P.) Pale salmon yellow, deepening toward center, very large and full, fragrant. Probably the only yellow hybrid perpetual. Strong grower.

Glory of Mosses. (Moss.) Large and double; deep rosy carmine shaded purplish crimson; very mossy and fragrant.

Heinrich Schultheis. (H.P.) Rosy pink color, fragrant; large and full.

Her Majesty. (H.P.) Very large, finely formed flowers of a lovely rosy pink, passing to clear flesh color, tinged with silvery rose.

Hermosa. (Bour.) Large, double, fragrant flowers in clusters; color clear rose.

Isabella Sprunt. (T.) Medium to large size; bright canary yellow color. Long,

beautifully formed buds and delicately shaded flowers. One of the finest for cut flowers. Very vigorous and an exceedingly free and constant bloomer. Very satisfactory variety.

James Sprunt. (C.B.) A very fine dark cherry-red rose; very full and double and delightfully fragrant. For cut flowers it is one of the best for they hold in perfect condition a long time. A moderate climber and very satisfactory bush. Strong grower and very constant and profuse bloomer. A fine variety.

John Hopper. (H.P.) Large and full; bright rose with carmine center. A stout, strong grower.

Jules Margottin. (H.P.) Large, nicely formed flowers. Bright cherry-red.

Lamarque. (C.N.) Large, delicate white flowers with sulphur center, very fragrant. Strong grower, good climber, very profuse bloomer at all seasons. An old but very satisfactory variety.

LaReine. (H.P.) Clear rose color; very large; fine full form.

Louis Philippe. (Beng.) One of the most satisfactory roses for grounds planting. An exceptionally profuse bloomer and there is seldom a time during the year when there are not quantities of flowers. A strong grower; makes a fine flowering hedge. Color rich, velvety crimson, full and double; not so desirable for cut flowers for petals soon drop, but one of the most showy in a garden or grounds.

Louis Richard. (T.) Beautifully shaded and marbled coppery rose with deep red; quite distinct and pretty. Good grower and constant bloomer.

Mad. Alfred Carriere. (H.N.) White with blush color at center.

Mad. Bravy. (T.) Large and full; creamy white; very fragrant. A profuse bloomer.

Mad. Camille. (T.) Rosy flesh, changing to rosy salmon. Large, double and full. Very pretty.

Mad. Caroline Kuster. (N.) Medium sized; pale yellow, tinged with rose.

Mad. de Vatry. (T.) Bright red, shaded with salmon, large, full and double. Fine form in bud and flower. A free and constant bloomer.

Mad. Jean Sisley. (Beng.) White tinged blush; full and double, very free flowering.

Mad. Joseph Desbois. (H.P.) Very large, well formed flesh white shaded with salmon rose; remarkably beautiful. Vigorous.

Mad. Lambard. (T.) Rosy salmon and rosy flesh; large, full and double and beau-

tifully formed in buds and flowers. Very profuse and constant bloomer. One of the most satisfactory in our collection. Vigorous grower.

Mad. Philemon Cochet. (T.) Rosy pink suffused with salmon; clean, delicate color. Full and double and fragrant. Very vigorous; a constant and free bloomer. A fine variety.

Mad. Plantier. (H.C.) Used principally for stocks; a strong, healthy grower, does not sucker from roots. A spring bloomer. Flowers pure white, full flat form.

Mad. Sadie Carnot. (T.) Large, full and double; beautiful cherry-red flowers.

Mad. Scipion Cochet. (T.) Large and double; rosy yellow, margins of petals wavy. Dark glossy green foliage; profuse bloomer.

Magna Charta. (H.C.) Very large, double and full; fine form; color clear deep pink, flushed with violet-crimson; very fragrant. Spring bloomer.

Maman Cochet. (T.) Large, finely formed buds; open flowers very full, double and beautiful; color clear, rich pink changing to silvery rose. Vigorous, constant and free flowering variety of merit.

Marechal Niel. (C.N.) The finest of all yellow roses; the color is a deep rich yellow which does not fade as the flowers open. Very large, full regular form, very double; delightfully fragrant. Vigorous grower, splendid climber. A very profuse and constant bloomer. Deservedly the most popular rose in the South. No collection is complete without this splendid variety.

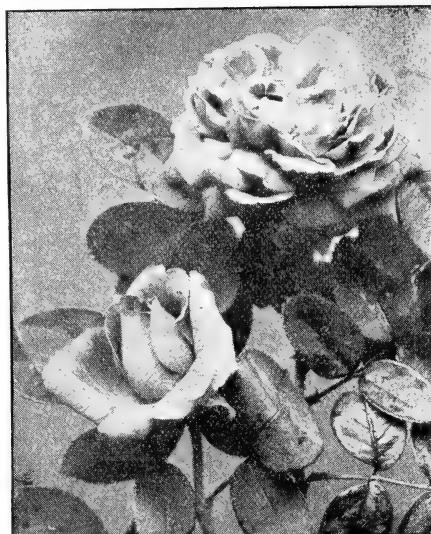
Margaret Dixon. (H.P.) Very large waxy white flowers, finely formed.

Marie Ducher. (T.) Light flesh to rosy pink, suffused with sulphur-yellow; reverse of petals silvery rose. A good grower and constant bloomer.

Marie Lambert. (T.) Pure white, medium sized, finely formed flowers. Very profuse and constant bloomer. One of the most satisfactory white roses.

Marie Van Houtte. (T.) Pale creamy yellow deepening toward center; outer petals often lined with rose. Sometimes both yellow and red roses are borne on same stem; always beautifully formed and colored; very full, and double and fragrant. Very vigorous; profuse and constant bloomer. A most satisfactory variety.

Marshall P. Wilder. (H.P.) Large, perfectly formed flowers; color brilliant cherry-red shading to dark crimson. A clean healthy grower and a remarkably constant bloomer for its class. Very desirable variety.



Marshall P. Wilder.

Maurice Rouvier. (T.) Pink, shaded with buff and crimson with border of white. Strong grower and free bloomer.

Minnie Francis. (T.) Extra large, full and double; buds long and pointed; color fine chamoise red, shaded with velvety crimson; very sweet fragrance. A profuse, constant bloomer and vigorous grower. Highly recommended.

Mrs. Cleveland. (H.P.) Dark red or velvety crimson; medium to large, full and double, very fragrant.

Mrs. George Paul. (Bour.) Blush white with rosy pink shading; large open flowers like a camellia, broad thick petals. Quite distinct and beautiful.

Mrs. John Laing. (H.P.) Clear shining pink, a beautiful tint; buds long and pointed; flowers very large, full and double; long stems.

Perfection des Blanches. (H.N.) White, full and double.

Pride of Riegate. (H.P.) Crimson sometimes striped with white.

Prince Camille de Rohan. (H.P.) Deep velvety crimson, large, full.

Queen's Scarlet. (Beng.) Brilliant crimson changing to light scarlet; distinct shade. Very free and constant bloomer. A desirable variety for grounds, but not suitable for cut flowers.

Reine Marie Henriette. (C.T.) Bright cherry-red; does not fade or shade off into



Reve D'Or.

undesirable tints; large, double and finely formed; long, beautiful buds; somewhat fragrant. A strong grower, profuse and constant bloomer. A fine rose, should be in every collection.

Reve d'Or. (C.N.) Deep coppery yellow, changing to orange yellow when fully open; large semi-double; very sweet fragrance; strong climber. Very profuse bloomer and flowers constantly.

Solfaterre. (C.T.) Large and very double and exceedingly sweet Tea scent; clear sulphur yellow. Strong climber, but can

be grown as a bush or made into a fine flowering hedge. Growth and foliage quite similar to Marechal Niel. Exceptionally profuse and constant bloomer.

Souvenir de Wootton. (H.T.) Bright magenta rose passing at base to violet crimson. Large full and regular; thick leathery petals; delightfully fragrant.

Souvenir d'un Ami. (T.) Clear shining pink, sometimes shaded with carmine. Large finely formed flowers; semi-double. Free bloomer.

Sylphide. (T.) Large and double; color brush with fawn center. Very free flowering.

Victory. (H.P.) Very large, very full and double; color dark rich velvety crimson.

White Perle des Jardins. (T.) Pale yellow deepening toward center; outer petals often tinged rose; sometimes both red and yellow flowers on same plant, but always beautiful; large, full, double and beautifully formed; fragrant. Very strong grower and constant and profuse bloomer. One of the most satisfactory.

Winnie Davis. (T.) Named for "The Daughter of the Confederacy." Color apricot-pink, shading to flesh tint at base of petals; buds long and well formed; resembles a sunburst when fully open; strikingly beautiful. A strong grower and very free bloomer. A fine variety.

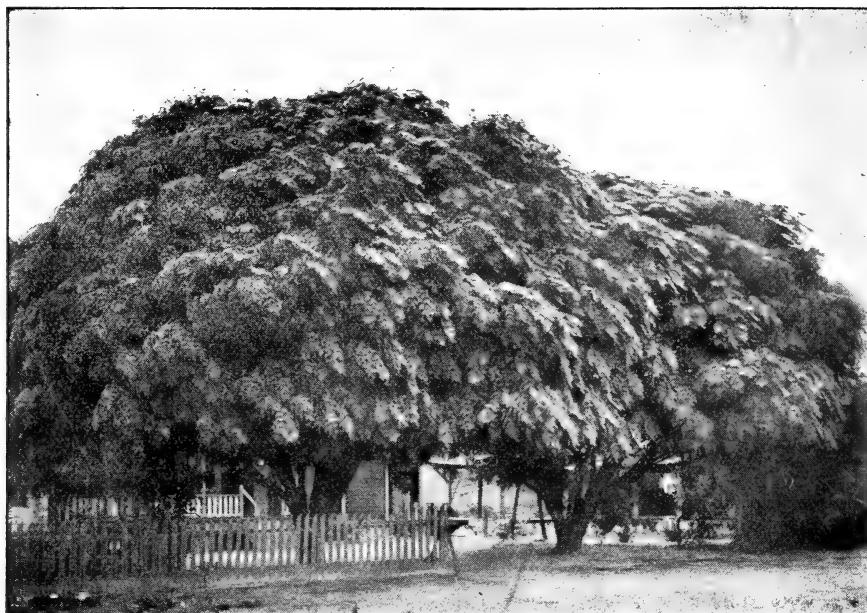
Zelia Pradel. (N.) Pure white, medium sized flowers; fine buds in clusters. Half climber, makes a fine bush. Strong grower; free bloomer.

SHADE TREES

Camphor. (*Cinnamomum Camphora*). A rapid growing evergreen tree of very symmetrical growth. Can be trained into an excellent shade tree; makes an exceptionally fine windbreak, and is desirable as an ornamental. Hardy throughout the Gulf coast country; thrives in almost any soil. Within the past year the Department of Agriculture has made some very successful experiments in producing camphor gum from these trees in Florida and the officials who carried on these experiments are very enthusiastic over the possibilities of commercial camphor production on a large scale in the Gulf coast country.

PRICES.

	Each	10	100
2 to 3 feet, bushy.....	25c	\$2 00	\$17 50
3 to 4 feet, bushy.....	40c	3 50	25 00
4 to 6 feet, well branched.....	50c	4 00	30 00
6 ft. up, well branched.....	75c	6 00	50 00
6 ft. up, extra fine, well branched.....	\$1 00	9 00	



Texas Umbrella on Turkey Creek Nurseries

Carolina Poplar. Very quick growing shade tree. Very popular for street and avenue planting, as well as for grounds. Where a shade is wanted in the quickest possible time, this is a very desirable deciduous tree.

PRICES.

	Each	10	100
3 to 4 feet, straight stems.....	20c	\$1 75	\$12 50
4 to 6 feet, straight stems.....	25c	2 00	15 00
6 to 8 feet, partly branched.....	35c	3 00	20 00
8 to 10 feet, branched, fine.....	50c	4 00	30 00
10 feet up, extra fine.....	\$1 00	8 00	

Cottonwood. (Texas Cottonwood.) An extremely rapid growing deciduous shade tree; better in the South than Carolina Poplar. Forms a shapely top. Very desirable where a quick shade is wanted.

PRICES.

	Each	10	100
3 to 4 feet, straight stems.....	20c	\$1 75	\$12 50
4 to 6 feet, straight stems.....	25c	2 00	15 00
6 to 8 feet, partly branched.....	35c	3 00	20 00
8 to 10 feet, branched, fine.....	50c	4 00	30 00
10 feet up, extra fine.....	\$1 00	8 00	

Cedrus Deodara. (Himalayan Cedar.) A very graceful tree somewhat resembling a fir; the short bluish green needles and unique form of growth makes it an exceptionally striking and beautiful tree. Rather slow growth, but attains immense size ultimately.

PRICES.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 2 feet.....	40c	\$3 50
2 to 3 feet.....	65c	6 00
3 feet up.....	\$1 00	8 00

Cherry Laurel. (*Prunus Caroliniana*) Small tree or large bush. Can be trained in almost any form. The foliage is very dark glossy green and exceptionally beautiful. One of the most desirable evergreens. Make a fine hedge.

PRICES.	Each	10	100
2 to 3 feet, bushy.....	25c	\$2 00	\$17 50
3 to 4 feet, bushy.....	40c	3 50	25 00
4 to 6 feet, bushy.....	50c	4 00	30 00
6 feet up, branched, fine.....	75c	6 00	50 00
6 feet up, extra fine.....	\$1 00	9 00	

Cherry. The native wild southern cherry. A rapid growing deciduous tree, very desirable for shade. Bright clean trunk and light green foliage. Some trees produce small black berries of rather acid but agreeable flavor.

PRICES—COLLECTED SPECIMENS.

	Each	Per 10
4 to 6 feet	50c	\$4 50
6 to 8 feet	75c	6 00

Black Gum. (*Nyssa Sylvatica*) A native deciduous tree of exceptional beauty. Rapid grower, forms a symmetrical well rounded top. Prefers a moist soil, but does well on high land. Foliage light green in early spring; dark green and very dense during summer, and in late autumn turns flaming scarlet. Attains large size.

PRICES—COLLECTED SPECIMENS.

	Each	Per 10
4 to 6 feet	60c	\$5 00
6 to 8 feet	90c	7 50
8 to 10 feet	\$1 50	12 50

Sweet Gum. (*Liquidambar Styraciflua*) Native rapid growing deciduous tree; somewhat pyramidal in form of growth. Does well in either moist or dry soils. Foliage resembles that of scarlet maple in outline, but of lighter green color; turns dark crimson in late autumn. Bark on trunk and limbs often corky. Makes a fine shade tree; very ornamental. Attains large size.

PRICES—COLLECTED SPECIMENS.

	Each	Per 10
4 to 6 feet	60c	\$5 00
6 to 8 feet	90c	7 50
8 to 10 feet	\$1 50	12 50

Scarlet Maple. (*Acer Rubrum*) An exceptionally fine native deciduous tree of fairly rapid growth; attains large size. Its brilliant red samaras (flowers) are the first in the spring, and these are immediately followed by delicately traced, lobed foliage of brilliant scarlet color, which gives an otherwise rather drear landscape a striking touch of color. During the summer the foliage turns light green, but the young shoots are always tinged with scarlet, and in the late autumn the trees turn dark crimson. One of the finest ornamental shade trees for Southern as well as Northern planting.

PRICES—COLLECTED SPECIMENS.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 feet	50c	\$4 50
4 to 6 feet	60c	5 00
6 to 8 feet	90c	7 50
8 to 10 feet	\$1 50	12 50

Magnolia Grandiflora. A magnificent broad-leaved evergreen of our native forests. Foliage very dark glossy green. Trees form beautiful tops and make unusually fine shade trees. The flowers, which are very large, are of snowy whiteness and are delightfully fragrant.

PRICES.

	Each	Per 10
12 to 18 inches	25c	\$2 00
18 to 24 inches	35c	3 00
2 to 3 feet	50c	4 00
3 to 4 feet	75c	6 50
4 to 5 feet	\$1 00	9 00

Prunus Pissardii. (Persian Purple-Leaved Plum.) A purple-leaved plum desirable for ornamental planting. See prices under Plums.

Live Oak. (*Quercus Virginiana*) A stately evergreen oak, native of the South. Attains immense size and long life. Small dark green foliage. Of moderate growth, but well worthy of first place in avenue, street and grounds planting. We consider it one of the finest shade trees in existence.

PRICES—COLLECTED SPECIMENS.		Each	Per 10
3 to 4 feet	.....	50c	\$4 50
4 to 6 feet	.....	90c	7 50
6 to 8 feet	.....	\$1 50	12 50

Water Oak. (*Quercus nigra aquatica*) One of the most rapid growing oaks. Forms a beautiful well rounded head; attains large size. Deciduous for a short time during the winter, but very handsome when in foliage. Leaves medium size, triangular.

PRICES—COLLECTED SPECIMENS.		Each	Per 10
4 to 6 feet	.....	60c	\$5 00
6 to 8 feet	.....	75c	7 00
8 feet up	.....	\$1 00	9 00

Willow-Leaved Oak. (*Quercus phellos*) Rapid growing oak; semi deciduous. One of the handsomest and most symmetrical. Attains large size. Foliage small, narrow, long; dark green. A native oak often called water oak. Makes a fine shade tree; much used for park, avenue and grounds planting.

PRICES—COLLECTED SPECIMENS.		Each	Per 10
3 to 4 feet	.....	50c	\$4 50
4 to 6 feet	.....	60c	5 00
6 to 8 feet	.....	75c	7 00
8 feet up	.....	\$1 00	9 00



Sassafras Tree.

Sassafras. An ornamental deciduous tree, native of this country. Forms a symmetrical top with slight pruning. Very rapid grower. Resembles to a slight extent the camphor tree. Makes a desirable ornamental shade tree. Tea made from the roots of sassafras has a delightful flavor. We think so much of sassafras as an ornamental tree that we have it growing on our own grounds.

PRICES.		Each	Per 10
4 to 6 feet	.....	60c	\$5 00
6 to 8 feet	.....	75c	7 00

Sycamore. (*Platanus occidentalis*) A popular shade tree. Grows rapidly and is of spreading habit. Does well on high or low places. One of the most desirable shade trees. Valuable for street planting.

PRICES.	Each	10	100
3 to 4 feet, straight trees	20c	\$1 75
4 to 6 feet, straight trees	25c	2 00
6 to 8 feet, partly branched	40c	3 50
8 to 10 feet, very fine	65c	6 00
10 feet up, very fine	\$1 00	8 00
			60 00

Texas Umbrella. (*Melia azedarach umbraculiformis*) An extremely rapid growing shade tree. Forms a beautiful, rounded umbrella-shaped top. Foliage very dense. For a quick shade there is nothing better. Trees are remarkably handsome when in foliage, which is most of the year.

	PRICES.	Each	10	100
2 to 3 feet, straight stems	20c	\$1 50	\$10 00	
3 to 4 feet, straight trees	25c	2 00	15 00	
4 to 6 feet, straight trees	40c	3 00	25 00	
4 to 6 feet, branched trees	50c	4 00	35 00	
6 feet up, branched, fine	75c	6 00		
6 feet up, branched, extra fine	\$1 00	8 00		

Weeping Mulberry. Foliage and general appearance quite similar to other mulberries, but of very drooping graceful character of growth. Very ornamental.

PRICES: 2 years, very large branched, 50c. each; \$4.00 per 10.

Weeping Willow. (*Salix Babylonica*) A well known tree of very graceful drooping growth. Desirable for lawns, parks and particularly for bordering lakes or streams. Very ornamental.

	PRICES.	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 feet	30c	\$2 50	
4 feet up	50c	4 00	

Conifers and Flowering Shrubs and Trees

Arborvitaea, or Biota. Beautiful evergreens, usually very symmetrical. Desirable for lawn, park or grounds planting. Make beautiful hedges and requires no pruning.

Biota aurea nana. Cone-shaped, well rounded symmetrical heads; beautiful light greenish yellow foliage. One of the finest. Especially desirable for lawns or gardens or for lining walks.

	PRICES.	Each	Per 10
8 to 15 inches	35c	\$3 00	
15 to 24 inches	50c	4 00	
2 to 3 feet	75c	6 50	

Biota pyramidalis. Upright pyramidal growth. Desirable for ends of walks or hedges, or for planting as single specimens.

	PRICES.	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet	35c	\$3 00	
3 to 4 feet	50c	4 00	
4 to 5 feet	75c	6 50	

Biota orientalis. A rather open, somewhat coarse arborvitae, but a rapid grower and attains large size. Suitable for edges of woodlands as well as for grounds planting.

	PRICES.	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet	35c	\$3 00	
3 to 4 feet	50c	4 00	
4 to 5 feet	75c	6 50	

Biota Rosedale. Very compact symmetrical, rounded heads; foliage is of a dark bluish green cast which gives this variety a distinct and unique appearance. One of the finest.

	PRICES.	Each	Per 10
8 to 15 inches	25c	\$2 00	
15 to 24 inches	35c	3 00	
2 to 3 feet	50c	4 00	
3 to 4 feet	\$1 00	8 00	



Rosedale and Other Arborvitae.

Biota aurea. (Golden.) Similar to *Biota orientalis* in character of growth, but of a beautiful greenish yellow cast.

	PRICES.	Each	Per 10
8 to 15 inches	25c	\$2 00	
15 to 24 inches	35c	3 00	
2 to 3 feet	50c	4 00	
3 to 4 feet	\$1 00	8 00	

Biota compacta. A compact symmetrical variety which attains considerable size. Desirable.

	PRICES.	Each	Per 10
8 to 15 inches	25c	\$2 00	
15 to 24 inches	35c	3 00	
2 to 3 feet	50c	4 00	
3 to 4 feet	\$1 00	8 00	

Cupressus pyramidalis. Pyramidal cypress. Upright rather compact growing variety; desirable for ends of walks or hedges. Very ornamental.

	PRICES.	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet	35c	\$3 00	
3 to 4 feet	50c	4 00	
4 to 5 feet	75c	6 50	

Irish Juniper. Tall shaft-like plants, very compact growth. Unique and desirable. They do only fairly well here.

	PRICES.	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet	35c	\$3 00	
3 to 4 feet	50c	4 00	
4 to 5 feet	75c	6 50	

Althea. (Rose of Sharon.) Flowering shrub of nice appearance and showy flowers; very free bloomers; oftentimes the plants are a mass of white or purple flowers. We have both colors.

	PRICES.	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 feet		25c	\$2 00
4 to 6 feet		40c	3 50

Cape Jessamine. (*Gardenia florida*) Evergreen shrub with dark glossy green foliage. Very free flowering. Flowers pure white and very fragrant. Quite ornamental.

	PRICES.	Each	Per 10
1 to 2 feet		25c	\$2 00
2 to 3 feet		30c	2 50

Crape Myrtle. (*Lagerstroemia Indica*) Free flowering deciduous shrubs or small trees. Flowers are produced in great panicles or trusses, and are delicately fringed. Make fine flowering hedges. We have in stock purple and crimson.

	PRICES.	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet		25c	\$2 00
3 to 5 feet		40c	3 00
5 feet up, branched		60c	5 00

Calycanthus. (Sweet shrub, *Butneria florida*) An old-fashioned, strong, upright shrub, which produces chocolate-colored very fragrant flowers.

	PRICES.	Each	Per 10
1 to 2 feet		35c	\$3 00
2 to 3 feet		50c	4 00

Kumquats. Small trees or large shrubs, which bloom freely during summer and are loaded in fall with small golden yellow edible fruits. See further description and prices in fruits section of this catalogue.

Double Flowering Pomegranate. A beautiful shrub with dark green foliage and strikingly handsome double flowers of a reddish color. Price, 40c each; \$3.50 per 10.

Hedge Plants and Climbing Vines

Privet. For the South there is no more desirable hedge plant than the Privets. They can be trained in any desired form.

Amoor River. (*Ligustrum Amurensis*) Foliage small, light green; flowers white. Extensively used and very popular hedge plant, also desirable for planting as single specimens.

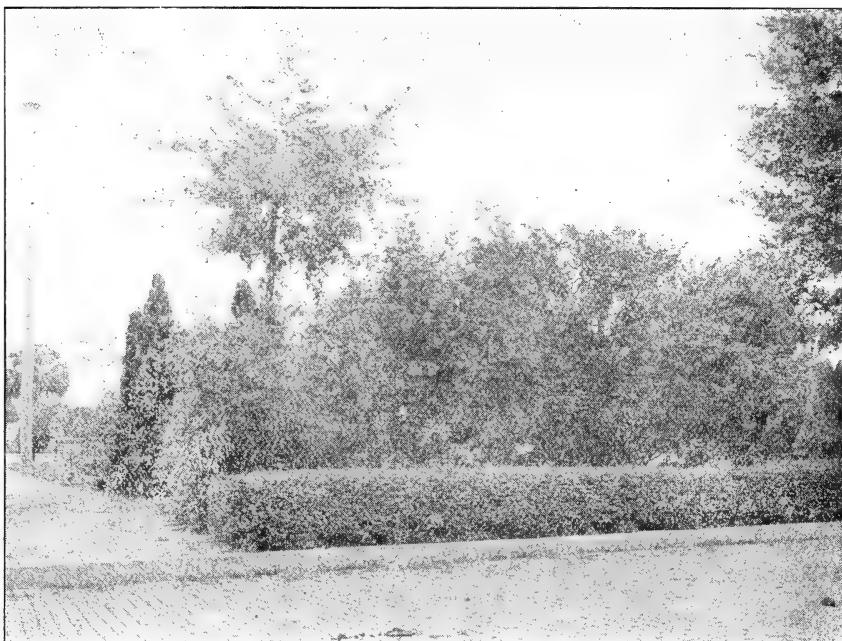
California. (*L. Ovalifolium*) Vigorous grower, half evergreen; flowers white. Has been extensively used for hedges.

	PRICES.	Per 10	100	1,000
2 to 3 feet		75c	\$4 00	\$30 00
3 to 5 feet		\$1 00	7 50	50 00

English Ivy. (*Hedera helix*). A rapid growing, strong climber, soon covers walls or old stumps, fences or whatever it is planted beside. Leaves dark green, slightly striped white. Strong layers, 25c. each; \$2.00 per 10.

Honeysuckle. Almost an evergreen. Hardy and vigorous grower. Flowers very fragrant, of a pure white, changing to a yellow. A rank climber. Japan Golden has beautiful golden-tinged foliage. Ever-blooming. As its name indicates, is almost always in bloom. 2 year old strong plants, 25c. each; \$2.00 per 10.

Yellow Jessamine. (*Gelsemium Sempervirens*) An evergreen, twining vine, stems tangled and matted; rampant grower. Spring bloomer. Flowers deep yellow, very pretty and exceedingly sweet fragrance. Prices: Layers, 25c. each; \$2.00 per 10; \$15.00 per 100.



Amoor River Privet Hedge and Ornamental Planting.

Bamboos and Grasses

Arundo Donax variegata. (Gardener's Garter.) A beautiful bamboo reed, 12 feet in height. It is the tallest of the variegated grasses, and in the spring has foliage striped heavily with white and green. The tall plumes are immense and showy, and last a long time. Effective in any location, and hardy over the whole country. Strong roots, 25c. each; \$2.00 per 10.



Pampas Grass.

Pampas Grass. Grows luxuriantly in Florida; the large white plumes are well known. The form of a clump resembles a fountain of water, the leaves curling and reaching to the ground on every side. 25c. per set.

B. aurea. (Phyllostachys.) A hardy Japanese species with underground running roots, which must be grown in masses, unless the runners are kept cut off with a spade. Light green leaves and yellow stems. Will reach a height of 8 to 12 feet. Very hardy. Strong roots, 25c. each; \$2.00 per 10.

Pampas Grass. Grows luxuriantly in Florida; the large white plumes are well known. The form of a clump resembles a fountain of water, the leaves curling and

PROPER DISTANCES FOR PLANTING.

	Each way.		Each way.
Oranges on C. trifoliata	18 to 20 ft.	Pears, LeConte	25 to 30 ft.
Oranges on other stocks	25 to 30 ft.	Pears, Other Varieties	20 to 25 ft.
Kumquats	10 to 12 ft.	Grapes, Bunch Varieties	8 to 10 ft.
Peaches and Apples	18 to 20 ft.	Grapes, Muscadine type	18 to 25 ft.
Plums	15 to 18 ft.	Figs	12 to 15 ft.
Japan Persimmons	15 to 20 ft.	Pecans	40 to 60 ft.

NUMBER OF TREES OR PLANTS TO THE ACRE.

Distance apart, feet.	No. of trees	Distance apart, feet	No. of trees	Distance apart, feet.	No. of trees
1 by 1	43,560	10 by 10	435	19 by 19	120
2 by 2	10,890	11 by 11	360	20 by 20	108
3 by 3	4,840	12 by 12	302	25 by 25	69
4 by 4	2,722	13 by 13	257	30 by 30	48
5 by 5	1,742	14 by 14	222	35 by 35	35
6 by 6	1,210	15 by 15	193	40 by 40	27
7 by 7	888	16 by 16	170	45 by 45	21
8 by 8	680	17 by 17	150	50 by 50	17
9 by 9	537	18 by 18	134	60 by 60	12

Business Terms and Conditions

Shipping Season. November to March. Citrus trees can, however, be shipped any time of year, but should go by express during hot weather. Orders sent in during shipping season will be forwarded as soon as possible unless otherwise instructed. Orders booked in advance of season will be forwarded soon as may be after opening of season, unless to be held for definite shipping date.

Method of Shipment. Unless definite instructions accompany orders, trees will be boxed or baled, as best meets requirements of order, and forwarded by freight or express, according to our judgment.

Prices are shown in catalogue and are net. Five, fifty and five hundred trees of one class, take ten, hundred and thousand rates, except on badly assorted orders or long lists of a few trees each of many varieties.

Terms: Cash with order during shipping season. If order is placed in advance of season a payment of 25 per cent of order to accompany it, balance before shipment, will generally be satisfactory.

Freight Prepaid. On orders of \$5.00 or over to Florida points; on orders of \$10.00 or over to Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Georgia and South Carolina; on orders of \$20.00 or over to Texas points and orders of \$25.00 or over to Havana, Cuba; we will prepay freight (not express, unless no more than freight) at our expense; provided orders are accompanied by full cash payment at catalogue rates. Orders for shipment to other points, when \$10.00 or over, are subject to 5 per cent discount, if accompanied by full cash payment.

Transportation at Purchaser's Risk. Our responsibility ceases upon delivery in good order to forwarding companies. Claims for loss or damage in transit should be made upon latter. We will, however, start a tracer for delayed shipments if notified, and use every means at our command to secure prompt delivery, or recovery in case of damage or loss.

Minimum Orders. We prefer not to accept orders for less than \$2.00.

Shipping by Mail. We reserve the right to turn down such orders, if we cannot conveniently handle them. In ordering trees sent by mail add 15 per cent of amount of order for packing and postage. Only very small trees and plants can be sent in this way, hence we cannot guarantee trees or plants to come up to smallest regular size listed.

We guarantee all stock sent out to be well grown, well rooted, true to name, properly packed and shipped according to instructions. Our liability under this guarantee is limited in amount to the original price received.

Substitution. Unless instructed to the contrary, we substitute where varieties or sizes ordered are exhausted, as we find that our customers generally prefer that we use our judgment in such cases; but in all cases varieties sent are properly labeled and invoices show the substitute as well as variety substituted for.

Complaints or Claims. We use every possible precaution to prevent errors, but when, by any possibility, they do creep in, we will deem it a favor if you will report at once. Claims should be made within ten days after receipt of goods.

Location. The Turkey Creek Nurseries are one mile south of Macclenny (the county seat of Baker county), Florida, on Seaboard Air Line Railway, 28 miles west of Jacksonville. Also one mile northwest of Nursery, Fla., a station on Atlantic Coast Line Railway, 28 miles west of Jacksonville.

Telegraph and Long Distance Telephone Station, Macclenny, Fla.

Code Address: "Frink, Macclenny, Florida." We use A. B. C. Code, fifth edition, also American Association of Nurserymen's Code.

Address all orders and communications to—

TURKEY CREEK NURSERIES,

Macclenny, Florida, U. S. A.

UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA

AND

EXPERIMENT STATION

LAKE CITY, FLA.

DIRECTOR'S OFFICE

September 4th, 1906.

This is to certify that the undersigned has this day inspected the nursery stock of the Turkey Creek Nursery, located at Macclenny, Florida, operated by C. F. Barber, proprietor, and has found the same free all dangerous insects, pests and fungous diseases, defined and listed as such by Boards of Horticulture and Entomology. Proper fumigating apparatus is possessed and correct practices followed. This certificate does not apply to stock grown on grounds other than that inspected, and expires one year from date. This certificate covers citrus stock, which, furthermore, was found free from white fly.

E. W. BERGER,

Entomologist to Florida Agricultural Experiment Station.

Turkey Creek Nurseries
Macclellny, Fla.

ORDER SHEET.

C. F. BARBER,
AUBREY FRINK,

Before ordering read Business Terms and Conditions on page 37.
Shall we substitute where varieties or sizes ordered are exhausted? Write Yes or No.....

Unless instructed to the contrary, we substitute when varieties or sizes ordered are exhausted, but will refund money instead of substituting, when requested to do so.

Date 190.....

**TURKEY CREEK NURSERIES,
MACCLENNY, FLA., U. S. A.**

Gentlemen:

I enclose \$..... for which ship the trees and plants named below to:

This space for full shipping directions, without reference to P. O. address of purchaser. Ladies, please give title Miss or Mrs.

LY. | Name

AIN | Place

PL County State

By Express or Freight or use your discretion. { Via

Date of Shipment

Send money by bank draft, money order, express, registered letter or check.

Yours truly,

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Devoniensis.